## **SECTIONA** Attempt all questions (55marks)

1. 2. The function f is given by  $f(x) = ax^2 - b$ .

$$if(2) = 5$$
 and  $f(-1) = 2$ . Find the value of **a** and **b** hence find  $(-4)$  (4marks)

- 2. The cubic polynomial  $6x^3 + 7x^2 + ax + b$  has a remainder of 72 when divided by x 2 and is exactly divisible x + 1. Find the value of **a** and **b** (5marks)
- 3. Simplify completely without using a calculator:

a) 
$$(2^{-3} \times 16^{1/2}) \div (81^{3/4} \times 27^{-1/3})$$
 (3marks)

b) Find 
$$f 3^x \div 3^2 = 27$$
 (2marks)

**4.** State whether this  $\lim_{x\to 3} f(x)$  exist or not for  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 5 & \text{if } x \le 3 \\ \sqrt{x + 13} & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$ 

(4marks)

- 5. The operation T is defined in IR by  $xTy = x + y + \frac{1}{2}$
- a) find the identity element. (2marks)
- b) Find the inverse of -3 under operation T (2marks)
- c) Find the value of x if (xT1)Tx = 5 (3marks)
- 6. A person standing on the bank of a river and observes that the angle subtended by a tree on the opposite bank is 60°. When he retreats 40m from the bank, he finds the angle to be 30°. Find the height of the tree and the breadth of the river.

  (3marks)
- 7. Peter has 23 coins in his pocket. Some of them are 5 Francs coins and the rest are 10 Francs coins.

The total value of coins is 205 Francs. Find the number of 10 Francs coins and the number of 5 Francs coins. (5marks)

**8.** Solve the following inequality in set of real number.

$$\frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 + 1} > 0 \tag{3marks}$$

9. Solve triangle with the following measurements:

5marks

$$A = 52^{\circ}, a = 6cm, B = 67^{\circ}$$

10. Find the value of K for which  $2x^2 + (k + 2) + 8 = 0$  has exactly one solution and deduce the solution. (4marks)

11. Given that  $\log 2 = 0.30$ ,  $\log 3 = 0.48$ ,  $\log 5 = 0.69$ . Calculate :  $\log 150$  (2marks)

12. use the definition to find the derivative for 
$$f(t) = \frac{t}{t+1}$$
 (2marks)

13. Rationalize the denominator 
$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{4+3\sqrt{3}}$$
 (2marks)

14. Simplify 
$$\left(\frac{1}{tanx} + \frac{1}{cotx}\right) inx cosx$$
 (2marks)

(2marks)

15. Find the inverse of 
$$f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{x-1}$$

## **SECTIONB:** ATTEMPT ONLY THREE QUESTIONS (45MARKS)

16. Given the function  $(x) = \frac{x^2 + x + 3}{x + 1}$  a) Determine the domain of definition of f(x) (3marks)

b) Determine the real numbers **a**, **b** and **c** such that

$$f(x) = ax + b + \frac{c}{x+1}$$
 (6marks)

c) Find all possible asymptotes. (6marks)

17. a) Calculate the value of the real number P such that the function f is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{(x-3)(x^2-4)}{x^3-8} & \text{for } x \neq 2\\ P - \frac{1}{3} & \text{for } x = 2 \end{cases}$$
 (7marks)

b) Determine the polynomial function of the **third** degree such that (1) = 7, f'(-1) = 10, f''(2) = 8, f'''(15) = 6 (8marks)

**18.**a) Given the function  $f(x) = 2x^2 - mx - 3$ . Find the real number m such that the tangent to the curve at x = -1 is parallel to the line  $L \equiv 2x + y + 5 = 0$ . Find also the equation of that tangent. (5marks)

b) Given the polynomial function  $P(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x + 6$ 

i) Factorize the polynomial 
$$P(x)$$
 (5marks)

ii) Solve 
$$P(x) = 0$$
 (5marks)

Given the functions  $(X) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x - 2$  and  $g(x) = x^2 - x$ .

## (5marks)

- **19.** Evaluate the following limits:
- a) i.  $\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{\sqrt{5x-4}-\sqrt{x}}{x-1}$  5 marks
- ii. $\lim_{n\to\infty} \sqrt{n^2 + n} n$  5 marks
- b) Let the function f(x) be defined by  $f(x) = \{\frac{x^2 9}{x + 3} \mid x \neq -3 \\ k \mid x = -3 \}$  determine the value of k
- $if(-3) = \lim_{x \to -3} f(x)$
- 5 marks
- 20. Let P, Q and R be three propositions, then verify the following logic propositions
  - a)  $P \lor Q \equiv Q \lor P$  ( $\equiv isequivalence$ )

(5marks)

b)  $p \land (q \lor r) \equiv (p \land q) \lor (p \land r)$ 

(10marks)

## GOOD LUCK !!!!!!!!